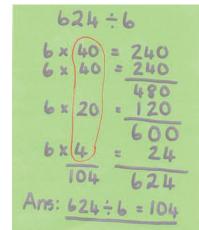
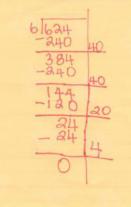
Students in fourth grade are encouraged to see the relationship between multiplication and division. Their task is to make sense of division and have a real understanding of the concept thereby preparing for more complicated strategies in subsequent grades. One strategy that supports this is *multiplying up*.



This student has used the *multiplying up* strategy to find the solution to  $624 \div 6$ .

One strategy, *partial quotients*, begun in grade 3 continues in grade 4 with larger numbers.

Students are exposed to various strategies to ensure a good foundation is laid as students move into the middle grades.



A fourth grader has to understand the unit fraction and be able to apply this understanding to addition and subtraction of fractions.

 $\frac{5}{8} = \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8}$ OR  $\frac{2}{8} + \frac{3}{8}$  etc.

Students need to see fractions on a number line and apply this to different situations.

		The	nun	nber	line	e ma	rkec	l off	in t	hird	s	
0			1			2			3			4
$\frac{0}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	3	$\frac{4}{3}$	<u>5</u> 3	<u>6</u> 3	$\frac{7}{3}$	83	<u>9</u> 3	$\frac{10}{3}$	$\frac{11}{3}$	$\frac{12}{3}$

A fourth grader should develop an understanding of a fraction as a number.

Understanding fraction equivalence is very important in grade 4. Students need to understand how an equivalent fraction is obtained.  $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{8}{12}$ 



The whole is the square, measured by area. On the left it is divided horizontally into 3 rectangles of equal area, and the shaded region is 2 of these and so represents  $\frac{2}{3}$ . On the right it is divided into 4 x 3 small rectangles of equal area, and the shaded area comprises 4 x 2 of these and so it represents  $\frac{4 x 2}{4 x 3}$ 

Grade 4 expectations when working with fractions are limited to fractions with denominators 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 100. Parent Roadmap

## Grade 4



## **Cobb County Schools**

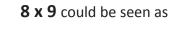
## Multiplication & Division Working with Fractions

## Math



By the time students reach 4<sup>th</sup> grade, they have mastered addition and subtraction strategies. Students now understand the standard algorithm for addition and subtraction and are able to apply it fluently to solve real-world problems.

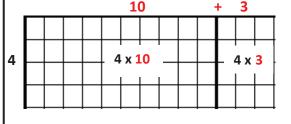
Fourth graders come to this grade level knowing multiplication facts from memory. Students can use strategies to help them with these facts:



72

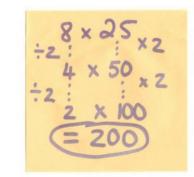
 $8 \times 10 = 80 \\ 80 - 8 = 72$  OR  $8 \times 5 = 40 \\ 8 \times 4 = \frac{32}{32}$ 

A fourth grade student is familiar with building simple multiplication problems using base ten blocks. This drawing shows the problem 13 x 4.



Students investigated working with the distributive property in grade 3.

4 x 13 = 52 (4 x 10) + (4 x 3) A strategy that helps students multiply numbers mentally is *doubling and halving*.



Here the student halves one number and multiplies the other number by two to get a friendly number that is easy to work with mentally.

Students now begin to work with the *area model of multiplication* using 2-digit x 2-digit numbers.



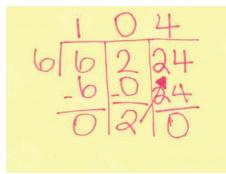
Here a student has built a 12 x 23 area model that shows the product 276.

Once again, the distributive property (based on the model) helps students understand multiplication.

 $12 \times 23 = 276$ (10 x 20) + (2 x 20) + (10 x 3) + (2 x 3) 200 + 40 + 30 + 6 Once students have understood the models and can apply the distributive property to these multiplication problems they move to *partial products*.

	40	9	
20	800	180	
6	240	54	4 9
0	240	<u>x 2 6</u>	
		54	
	Students drav	240	
	models and calculate the	180	
	product.	<u>800</u>	
		1274	

Fourth graders explore division by finding whole number quotients and remainders using strategies based on place value and the properties of operations. A strategy, based on place value that is used to assist students with understanding division is *explicit trades*.



In this example, the student had to trade 2 tens for 20 ones. This should be clearly explained using place value language.